SEMESTER III				
Allied III Psychological Statistics - I				
Code:18UPSA31 Hrs/Week:4 Hrs/Sem: 60 Credits: 3				

To introduce the students to the world of research in psychology

Mission:

To develop an understanding about the various statistical measures used in psychological research.

CO.No.	Upon completion of this course, students will be able	PSO	CL
CO.110.	to	addressed	
CO-1	learn the basic concepts and principles of statistics in		
	psychology	7	Re
CO-2	compare and contrast the various measurements of		
	statistics	7	Un
CO-3	apply knowledge about variability and correlation in		
	statistics in psychology	7	Ap
CO-4	analyze the need of knowledge of inferential and		
	descriptive statistics	7	An
CO-5	evaluate the means of developing an understanding		
	about sampling and probability	7	Ev
CO-6	create new theories and concepts of statistics in		
	psychology	7	Cr
CO-7	develop a good knowledge about the research field by		
	understanding statistics.	7	Cr
CO-8	develop a good research aptitude among students.		
		7	Cr

SEMESTER III			
Allied III Psychological Statistics - I			
Code:18UPSA31	Hrs/Week:4	Hrs/Sem: 60	Credits: 3

Unit I Introduction

Meaning and definition of statistics – origin, growth and characteristics – applications in psychology and limitations. Primary and Secondary Data: Differences and data collection methods

Unit II Data Classification & Frequency Distribution

Classification and Tabulation: Objectives – types of classification – formation of continuous frequency distribution – uses of tabulation – parts of a table – types of tables – simple and complex tables – general purpose and special purpose tables; Diagrammatic and graphic Representation: General rules for construction – uses – Types - limitations of diagrams and graphs

Unit III Probability and Its Applications

Definition – Computation of probability – Set theory: Set, Subset, Equal sets, Proper subset, Empty set – Complement of set, Union, intersection, disjoint and universal set – Theorems of probability

Unit IV Descriptive Statistics

Averages: Concepts—requisites of a good average—mean, median and mode—merits and demerits—numerical computations; Dispersion: Concepts—types of measures—merits and demerits—numerical computations

Unit V Sampling and Theoretical Distributions

Concept of population and sample – census – requisites of a sample - Random & Non Random sampling methods– sampling and non-sampling errors; Poisson and normal distributions – Skewness and kurtosis

Textbooks

- 1. Verma, J. P., &Ghufran, M. (2012). *Statistics for Psychology: A comprehensive text*. Tata McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi.
- 2. Garrett, H.E. (1979) *Statistics in Psychology and Education*, 9th Indian Reprint, Bombay, wakils, Feffer and Simons Pvt. Ltd.

- 1. Gupta, S.P. (2006) Statistical Methods, New Delhi: Sultan Chand and Sons.
- 2. Howell, D.C. (2002) *Statistical Methods for Psychology*, 5th edition, Australia Duxbury Publishers.
- 3. Howell, D.C. (2002) *Statistical Methods of Psychology*. 5th edition. Australia, Duxbury Publishers.
- 4. Minium, E.W., King B.M. and Bear. G. *Statistical Reasoning in Psychology and Education* N.Y: john wiley& sons, end 2001.
- 5. Gravetter F.J. and Wallnay L.B. *Essentials of statistics for the Bahavioural Sciences*. N.Y. West Publishing com., 1995.

SEMESTER IV				
Allied IV Psychological Statistics II				
Code:18UPSA41 Hrs/Week:4 Hrs/Sem: 60 Credits: 4				

To introduce the students to the world of research in psychology

Mission:

To develop an understanding about the various statistical measures used in psychological research.

Course Outcome

CO.No.	Upon completion of this course, students will be able to	PSO addressed	CL
CO-1	learn the basic concepts and principles of statistics in psychology	7	Re
CO-2	compare and contrast the various measurements of statistics	7	Un
CO-3	apply knowledge about variability and correlation in statistics in psychology	7	Ap
CO-4	analyze the need of knowledge of inferential and descriptive statistics	7	An
CO-5	evaluate the means of developing an understanding about sampling and probability	7	Ev
CO-6	create new theories and concepts of statistics in psychology	7	Cr
CO-7	develop a scientific society	7	Cr
CO-8	develop a knowledge that makes them true researchers and solve society's problems	7, 8	Cr

SEMESTER IV						
Allied IV	Allied IV Psychological Statistics II					
Code:18UPSA41	Code:18UPSA41 Hrs/Week:4 Hrs/Sem: 60 Credits: 4					

Unit I Inferential Statistics: Parametric and Non Parametric Tests

Parametric and Non-parametric tests: Meaning – Rules of using – Chi-square and contingency coefficients: Meaning and assumptions – numerical computations - Correlation and Regression: Meaning – correlation and regression coefficients – numerical computations;

Unit II Analysis of Variance

One way analysis of variance, Two way analysis of variance.

Unit III Testing of Hypothesis

Testing of hypothesis – Meaning - Types, Type 1 & 2 errors, level of significance, one tailed and two tailed tests, t test, z test, test of significance

Unit IV Inference Estimation

Introduction – Theory of estimation – point estimation, interval estimation – Confidence interval – Factors affecting confidence interval – Confidence intervals for mean, population mean and proportion

Unit V Research Design in Psychology

Types – Design – Principles of design – Methods of research – Experimental design

Textbooks

- 1. Verma, J. P., &Ghufran, M. (2012). *Statistics for Psychology: A comprehensive text*. Tata McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi.
- 2. Garrett, H.E. (1979) *Statistics in Psychology and Education*, 9th Indian Reprint, Bombay, wakils, Feffer and Simons Pvt. Ltd.

- 1. Gupta, S.P. (2006) Statistical Methods, New Delhi: Sultan Chand and Sons.
- 2. Howell, D.C. (2002) *Statistical Methods for Psychology*, 5th edition, Australia Duxbury Publishers.
- 3. Howell, D.C. (2002) *Statistical Methods of Psychology*. 5th edition. Australia, Duxbury Publishers.
- 4. Minium, E.W., King B.M. and Bear. G. *Statistical Reasoning in Psychology and Education* N.Y: john wiley& sons, end 2001.
- 5. Gravetter F.J. and Wallnay L.B. *Essentials of Statistics for the Bahavional Sciences* N.Y. West Publishing com., 1995.

SEMESTER IV					
	Skill Based Elective Inner Child Healing				
Code:18UPSS41 Hrs/Week: 4 Hrs/Sem: 60 Credits: 4					

To introduce the students to the concept of inner child.

Mission:

To make the students aware of the impact of childhood experiences and help them overcome it.

Course Outcome

CO.No.	Upon completion of this course, students will be able to	PSO addressed	CL
CO-1	learn the basic concepts and principles of inner child journey	3	Re
CO-2	compare and contrast the various issues related to inner child	3,4	Un
CO-3	apply knowledge about Inner Child Work	3	Ap
CO-4	analyze the need of knowledge of Early Child Experiences	3	An
CO-5	evaluate the means of developing a Positive Belief System	3	Ev
CO-6	create new theories and Concepts of Healing the Inner Child	3, 8	Cr
CO-7	inner child healing as a psychological therapy.	3	Cr
CO-8	developing new therapy	3	Cr

SEMESTER IV					
	Skill Based Elective Inner Child Healing				
Code:18UPSS41 Hrs/Week: 4 Hrs/Sem: 60 Credits: 4					

Unit I An Introduction to Inner Child Journey.

Meeting your inner child, Born to shine, The impact of Early childhood,

Unit II Relationships within the Family

Self - assessment, Child Abuse, Mind locks, Why are you treated the way you are?

Unit Ill Inner Child Work

Reclaiming the your Infant, Toddler, Pre-school, School age, Adolescent.

Unit IV Dumping the Negative Garbage.

Finding the Nurturing Parent, Toxic Shame, Healing the Wounds of Childhood, Fear of Intimacy, Self-Forgiveness, Forgiving others, self-affirmations.

Unit V Re-parenting Ourselves

Psychological Meaning for Underlying Diseases, Reparenting Exercise, Dialoguing with your Inner Child, Positive Belief System.

Text Book and Book for Reference

1. Healing the Inner Child,

Compiled by Sundar Wilson OFM Cap.,

Anugraha Publication, Dindigul.

SEMESTER V					
Core:IX	Core:IX Counselling Psychology				
Code:18UPSC53 Hrs/Week:5 Hrs/Sem: 60 Credits:4					

To acquaint the students with the nature and process of counselling.

Mission:

To elaborate on the different fields and application of counselling.

Course Outcome:

		PSO	
CO.No	Upon completion of this course, students will be	addressed	CL
	able to		
CO-1	explain the process of counselling and the Ethics in	5	Un
	counselling.		
CO-2	analyse the counselling process and its various stages.	5	An
CO-3	understand the concepts and theories in counselling.	5	Un
CO-4	know the meaning, person centered counselling and	5	Un
	behavioural counselling.		
CO-5	use the theories of counselling in a practical way.	5	Ap
CO-6	understand the concept applications of counselling.	5	Cr
CO-7	evaluate the knowledge on counselling skills.	3,4	Ev
CO-8	analyze the various crisis in counselling.	5	An

SEMESTER V					
Core:IX Counselling Psychology					
Code:18UPSC53 Hrs/Week:5 Hrs/Sem: 60 Credits:4					

Unit I Introduction

Counselling: Definition, process and goals.- Guidance and counselling – Need for counselling – Emergence and growth of Guidance and Counselling – Status of Guidance ND Counselling Movement in India.

Unit II Counselling Approaches and Practices

Directive or authoritarian approach – Relevance of Psychoanalysis – Non Directive approach: Humanistic-Existential approach – Roger's Self Theory – Behaviouristic approach: Reciprocal inhibition, Behaviour modification – Eclectic approaches.

Unit III Counselling Processes

Preparation for counselling – Counselling relationship – Content and process of counselling, counselling interactions, Counsellor-counselee relationship, factors affecting counselling process – Effective counsellor's skills: Characteristics and attitudes; Counselling Interview – Nature and significant features, setting and types of counselling interview, appropriate use of communication and interviewing techniques, degree of lead, silence, relationship techniques, sharing of experiences, resistance.

Unit IV Counselling Issues

Professional preparation and training for counselling: Counselling preparation and professional issues, academic preparation, practical skills, selection and training of counsellors, preparation of counsellors; Ethics in Counselling: Codes of professional ethics, Common ethical violations by Mental Health Professionals.

Unit V Psychological Testing and Diagnosis

Tools and techniques used in counselling and guidance: Testing and Non testing devices, Tools used in assisting individuals towards self-discovery; Test interpretation in counselling, Issues of diagnosis in counselling – Limitations.

Text books

- 1. Gibson & Mitchell (2003). *Introduction to Counselling and Guidance*. VI Edition. Pearson Education
- 2. Nelson-Jones, R. (2011). *Theory and Practice of Counselling and Therapy*. V Edition. Sage Publications, New Delhi.
- 3. Rao S. Narayanan (1992). *Counselling and Guidance. II Edition*, Tata McGraw-Hill Publications.

Books for Reference

1. Parischa, Prem (1976). Guidance and Counselling in Indian Education.

SEMESTER III				
Allied III Psychological Statistics - I				
Course Code:21UPSA31 Hrs/Week:4 Hrs/Sem: 60 Credit: 4				

Objectives:

To introduce the students to the world of research in psychology

To develop an understanding about the various statistical measures used in psychological research.

Course outcome:

CO.No.	Upon completion of this course, students will be able to	PSOs addressed	CL
CO-1	learn the basic concepts and principles of statistics in psychology	7	Re
CO-2	compare and contrast the various measurements of statistics	7	Un
CO-3	apply knowledge about variability and correlation in statistics in psychology	7	Ap
CO-4	analyze the need of knowledge of inferential and descriptive statistics	7	An
CO-5	evaluate the means of developing an understanding about sampling and probability	7	Ev
CO-6	create new theories and concepts of statistics in psychology	7	Cr
CO-7	develop a good knowledge about the research field by understanding statistics.	7	Cr
CO-8	develop a good research aptitude among students.	7	Cr

SEMESTER III			
Allied III Psychological Statistics - I			
Course Code: 21UPSA31	Hrs/Week:4	Hrs/Sem: 60	Credit: 4

Unit I Introduction

Meaning and definition of statistics – origin, growth– applications in psychology and limitations. Primary and Secondary Data: Differences and data collection methods

Unit II Data Classification & Frequency Distribution

Data: Meaning – Methods of organizing data: Statistical Tables – Rank order – Frequency distribution – how to construct a frequency distribution table – grouping error – cumulative frequency and cumulative percentage frequency distributions. **Graphical representation of Data:** Meaning - Advantages – Modes: Graphical representation of ungrouped data and grouped data.

Unit III Measures of Central Tendency

Mean: Computation of mean for ungrouped data - Computation of mean for grouped data including deviation method –Properties and drawbacks of mean – When not to use mean. **Median**: Computation of median for ungrouped data and grouped data – Properties and Drawbacks of median. **Mode**: Computation of mode for ungrouped and grouped data – Properties and drawbacks of mode - When to use mean, median and mode.

Unit IV: Measure of Variability

Range: Computing Range – Properties and Drawbacks of Range. Quartile Deviation: Computation of quartile deviation for ungrouped data and grouped data – Properties and Drawbacks. Coefficient of Quartile Deviation - computation for ungrouped and grouped data-properties and Drawbacks. Mean Deviation: Computation of mean deviation for ungrouped and grouped data – properties and Drawbacks. Standard Deviation: Computing Standard Deviation for grouped and ungrouped data – Properties. Data types suitable for different measures of variability – Variance.

Unit V: Correlation and regression

Correlation: Introduction Correlation Coefficient - Product moment correlation - computation - Applications and limitation. Rank order correlation - Limits - characteristics - limitations computation. **Regression:** Regression analysis- applications of regression analysis.

• Computation needs to be done for onl the mentioned statistical analysis.

Textbooks

- 1. Verma, J. P., &Ghufran, M. *Statistics for Psychology: A comprehensive text*. New Delhi:Tata McGraw Hill Education,,2012.
- 2. Mangal, S. K. Statistics in psychology and education. PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd,2002.

- 1. Kothari, C. R. Research methodology: Methods and Techniques. New Age International, 2004.
- 2. Gupta, S.P. Statistical Methods, New Delhi: Sultan Chand and Sons, 2006.
- 5. Minium, E.W., King B.M. and Bear. G. *Statistical Reasoning in Psychology and Education* New York: john wiley& sons, 2001.

SEMESTER IV					
Allied IV Psychological Statistics – II					
Course Code: 21UPSA41 Hrs/Week:4 Hrs/Sem: 60 Credit: 4					

Objectives:

To strengthen the knowledge of statistics and relate it with psychological research methods.

To develop an understanding about the various statistical measures used in psychological research.

Course outcomes:

CO. No.	Upon completion of this course, students will be able to	PSO addressed	CL
CO-1	learn the basic concepts and principles of statistics in psychology	7	Re
CO-2	compare and contrast the various measurements of statistics	7	Un
CO-3	apply knowledge about variability and correlation in statistics in psychology	7	Ap
CO-4	analyze the need of knowledge of inferential and descriptive statistics	7	An
CO-5	evaluate the means of developing an understanding about sampling and probability	7	Ev
CO-6	create new theories and concepts of statistics in psychology	7	Cr
CO-7	develop a scientific society	7	Cr
CO-8	develop a knowledge that makes them true researchers and solve society's problems	7, 8	Cr

SEMESTER IV				
Allied IV Psychological Statistics – II				
Course Code: 21UPSA41 Hrs/Week: 4 Hrs/Sem: 60 Credit: 4				

Unit I Normal Distribution and Sampling

Normal Distribution: Introduction – Properties - Standard Score – Testing normality of data - Central Limit theorem – Application of normal distribution. Sampling: Introduction – Principles of sample survey – Sample survey and its advantages- Characteristics of good sample – important terminologies in sampling – methods of data collection – types of sampling techniques. Determine the sample size.

Unit II Testing of Hypothesis

Testing of hypothesis – Important terminologies in hypothesis testing: types of hypothesis – null hypothesis – alternative hypothesis – Type 1 & 2 errors - level of significance - one tailed and two tailed tests - Degrees of freedom - Procedures for testing hypotheses: Criteria for test selection.

Unit III 't' test and f test

Small sample tests – t test for one sample -computation – two independent samples. -computation. **Analysis of variance (ANOVA):** Introduction - one-way ANOVA: Important terminologies - one-way ANOVA model. Assumptions in one-way ANOVA.

Unit IV Non-Parametric Tests

Non-Parametric Test: Meaning. Advantages and disadvantages— Non-parametric tests that are equivalent to parametric tests. **Chi-square:** Introduction - Assumptions - Applications: Testing equal occurrence hypothesis - Testing the significance of association between two attributes - testing goodness of fit. **Sign test:** Sign test for one sample. **Kruskal Wallis test.** Difference between parametric and non-parametric tests.

Unit V Variables and Scaling Techniques

Introduction – Nature of Psychological Data – Types of Data: Metric (Interval and ratio) and non-metric (nominal and ordinal) data – Construct and Concepts – Definition of variable – Construction of test: Steps - Implications - Scales of measurement – Reliability: Meaning – Methods of estimating reliability – Validity – Psychological Assessment

Computation needs to be done for only the mentioned statistical analysis.

Textbooks

- 1. Verma, J. P., &Ghufran, M. .Statistics for Psychology: A comprehensive text. Tata McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi, 2012.
- 2. Mangal, S. K. Statistics in psychology and education. PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd,2002.

- 1. Kothari, C. R. Research methodology: Methods and Techniques. New Age International, 2004.
- 2. Gupta, S.P. Statistical Methods. New Delhi: Sultan Chand and Sons, 2006.
- 3. Howell, D.C. Statistical Methods of Psychology. 5th edition. Australia: Duxbury Publishers, 2002.

SEMESTER V				
Core VII Counselling Psychology				
Course Code: 21UPSC52 Hrs/Week:4 Hrs/Sem: 60 Credit:4				

Objectives

To acquaint the students with the nature and process of counselling.

To elaborate on the different fields and application of counselling.

Course Outcome:

CO.No	Upon completion of this course, students will be able to	PSO addressed	CL
CO-1	explain the process of counselling and the Ethics in counselling.	5	Un
CO-2	analyse the counselling process and its various stages.	5	An
CO-3	understand the concepts and theories in counselling.	5	Un
CO-4	know the meaning, person centered counselling and behavioural counselling.	5	Un
CO-5	use the theories of counselling in a practical way.	5	Ap
CO-6	understand the concept applications of counselling.	5	Cr
CO-7	evaluate the knowledge on counselling skills.	3,4	Ev
CO-8	analyze the various crisis in counselling.	5	An

SEMESTER V					
Core VII Counselling Psychology					
Course Code:21UPSC52 Hrs/Week:5 Hrs/Sem: 60 Credit:4					

UNIT I Introduction:

Counselling: meaning & definition. Counselling and guidance. Counselling & psychotherapy. Goals of counselling. History of counselling & psychotherapy. Ethical code & issues.

UNIT II The counselling process, relationship & skills:

Counselling relationships – ambiguity, responsibility, aspects of healthy relationship. **Counselling process** – steps in counselling process, six stage counselling process (Cormier & Hackney). **Skills of counsellor** – Counsellor's skills. Portrait of an effective counsellor – motivation & confidence personal characteristics.

UNIT III Approaches of counselling & Group counselling:

Approaches: Relevance of psychoanalysis to counselling. Humanistic approach. Behaviouristic approach to counselling. The existential point of view -assumptions of existential counselling. Post modern approach. Eclectic approach – techniques &role of the counsellor. **Group counselling:** Emergence of group counselling. – Mechanics of group counselling- Types of groups- Process of group counselling – Individual and group counselling similarities and differences.

Unit IV Areas in counselling

Educational counselling- elementary, high school & college students. Family counselling – family group consultation, counselling with families, counselling with families concerning children, counselling with parents. Special areas in counselling – counselling & rehabilitation of differently abled, legal offenders, victims of abuse and violence, counselling weaker section & minorities, women empowerment, alcohol & substance abusers, Crises intervention counselling.

UNIT V Counselling context & setting

Context & setting- Professional boundaries & ethical issues — Counselling in a face-to-face context — Technology — based counselling — Telephone counselling — online counselling — computerized therapy programmes.

Text Book:

1. Rao S. Narayanan, Sahaj Paul .*Counselling and Guidance. III Edition*, Tata McGraw-Hill Publications, 2013.

2. Barker, M., Vassler, A., &Langdrige, D. *Understanding Counselling and Psychotherapy*, The Open University, Sage Publications, 2010.

Reference Book:

- 1. Gibson & Mitchell *Introduction to Counselling and Guidance. 6th Edition.* Pearson Education, 2003.
- 2. Nelson-Jones, R. *Theory and Practice of Counselling and Therapy 5th Edition*.NewDelhi:Sage Publications, 2011.